Centenus C M 27-52-18

App F IX 4

Previous References

1952-53 (C M)

File No 27-53-

Serial Nos 48, 49,

Later References

GENERAL AND REVENUE SECRETARIAT

Serial Nos 2

Part B for May 53

SUBJECT

Draft bye laws framed under the city of Bangalore Municipal corporation Act, 1949

WD 01425—GPB—25 000—1 9 1952

L 2732-35/ dated 30 5 53

The Commissioner corporation of the city of B'lore
" Director of Public Health
" Controller, S A D,
" Auditor, corporation of the city of B'lore

(1) 30/(1)

Approved

Bye laws for the Secretary Control and Supervision of for the manufacture and preparation of ice

General and Revenue Secretariat

File No 5364 of 1952 53

WD 01543-GPB—PZS—10 000—1

CR 27 52-18

Serial No

From

The Secretary, Blore Corporation

No A 1(2)/52-53 Dt 4 10-52

Forwards for approval two drafts of the above Bye-laws

—

Advd: The draft is based on the Bye-laws in force in Madras subject only to such necessary changes to suit the local conditions

2) Any enquiry of the observations of the Commissioner Secretariat on the U.O. Ref. is to be Communicated to the Secretary Public Health & Reproduced below -

" License fee Cannot be levied under the Bye laws Action has to be taken for this under Sec 297 by way of Separate Rules appended to the Bye-laws.

The period prescribed in the Bye-law for license application is inconsistent with the provisions of Sec 297 (3).

In para 2 of Bye-law 1. the expression "the advice of the Health officer" seems to be superfluous and unnecessary. Also the term "Health Committee" may perhaps be changed to "Standing Committee for Health" to suit the terms found in the Act.

Note—Contn Sheet

Bye-laws for the Secretary Conduct and Supervision of Masons
cert for the manufacture and preparation of the

File No 1945/21 5364/Pol of 1952-53

General and Revenue Secretariat

Serial No

Insistence on masonry construction
walls may not be appropriate to the
times when Structural Engineering is
Rapidly advancing

3) Necessary corrections have
been made now on the draft in
the light of the above observations

4) The file may now be referred
to the Legislation Branch for
Scrutiny of the draft and
Comments

Sec'y
Dep
29/10/52

Sec'y
dep
Law Sec'y

5) [illegible]
6) From Secy 1 standing
30/10/52
7) [illegible]
30/10

1 OCT 1952
Legislation
31/10

8) Nov 31/10

Sanctioning
Mas
31/10/52

31 OCT 1952

9) The provisions relating to grant
of licences have been omitted
in the key except from the
subject matter of by clause
the draft as revised is for consideration
It is in order subject to compliance
with requirements of S.371 If there is
any existing bye-laws on the subject it has
to be specifically superseded while issuing
these bye-laws

(Law Tes)

10) Nov 17/11

Secy Dep 17/11/52
Dep 17/11

Secy Dep 17/11 Nov 16/11

18 NOV 1952

SECRETARY TO GOVT
29 DEC 1952
LSG DEPARTMENT

5364 ✓9462/2

Bye laws for the Sanitary Control and Supervision of places for the manufacture preparation sale

12) Draft letter to the Comm Corpn Blore as put up for approval or other orders

DM 10/12 Mtg 17/12/52 SM 17/12

13) Issue 16/12

To The Commr Corpn Blore (Thro Mayor)

L 16158 dated 19-12-52

Requests to whether there is any existing Bye-laws on subject of the enforcement of the corporation

Sus H 26/12

Encl

The Secretary, Blore Corpn

No A1 (2) 152-53 D/26/29-12-52

Forwarding the information called for

14) As seen from the Commissioners letter that the Bye laws framed under the B M Laws and the city Municipalities Act are both in force now in the Corporation which have to be superseded while sanctioning the fresh bye-laws now sent

15) A Statement indicative of the procedure compliance and the procedure prescribed in Sec 371 of the Corporation Act

4 9462/mx

'Bye-laws for the Sanitary Control and Supervision of places for the manufacture of ice

---

obtained from the Commissioner on the suggestion of the Law Secretary is part of

16) The draft bye-laws are for orders of approval

Ags 13/4/53

17) Pl put up the draft of the bye laws

AN 1914

Typing sec

89 15/4/53

18) Typed draft of the bye laws is put up for appl as they have been scrutinised by the Law Secty

AN 4/5

G 7/5/53

89 7/5

Secy dept

Home Sec'y

19) AN 6/5

20) J 8/5/53

AN 9/5

655

SECRETARY TO GOVERNMENT 1526 MAY 1 FOOD DEPARTMENT

21) Draft G.O as put up for approval

Agm AN 1915

Ags 13/5/53.

89 15/5

G.O no L 2732 35 (C) M 27 53-4 dt 30 5 53 Sanctions the bye-laws

To 1) The Accountant. C C B

2) " D P A

3) " Controller. S A D

4) " Auditor. C C B

B-15/6/53

89 16/6

C R 27 S 2 18

CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF BANGALORE

GENERAL & FILE SECRETARIAT
5364
20 OCT 1952
MUNICIPAL BRANCH

No A 1(2)/52-53 CORPORATION OFFICES
BANGALORE

Dated 4th October 1952

FROM

B M ABU BAKER LSQ M A (Hons)
COMMISSIONER
CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF BANGALORE
BANGALORE

To

The Secretary to the Government of Mysore,
Local Self-Government Department,
B A N G A L O R E

SIR,

Subject - Draft bye-laws framed under the City of Bangalore Municipal Corporation Act, 1949
Reference - Your U/O Note No 129 dated 25th July 1952

I forward herewith for favour of sanction of the Government under Section 370 of the City of Bangalore Municipal Corporation Act, 1949, a draft of the bye-laws framed by the Bangalore Corporation under sub-section (16) of section 367 of the Act, to provide for the sanitary control and supervision of places for the manufacture and preparation of ice Necessary corrections have been made in the draft as suggested in your U/O note Separate schedule in respect of the license fee will be issued in due course

2 The draft bye-laws are based on the bye-laws framed by the Madras Corporation, a copy of which is enclosed for reference and return

Forwarded with compliments

(B V LANKAPPA),
M A Y O R

Yours faithfully,

(B M ABU BAKER),
COMMISSIONER

MVL
4-10-52

List of Bye-laws of the Madras Corporation.

I Bye-laws under sections 283(2) and 349(12) of the Madras City Municipal Act, to provide for regulating the mode of constructing stables, cattle-sheds and cow-houses an connecting them with municipal drains

II Bye-laws under section 349(13),

Food control - Baking, preparing bread, biscuits and confectionery

III -do- Food control - Ice

IV -do- Food control - Aerated waters

~~V -do- Industrial control - Paddy.~~

VI -do- Food control - Dairies

~~VII -do- Trade Control~~ - Markets - Public

- Markets - Private

VIII - Bye-laws under section 349(3),

Disease prevention - Dhobikhana

~~IX.~~ Bye-laws under section 349(13),

Disease prevention - Washing clothes

X Bye-law under section 349(29),

Cleanliness of Barber shops & shaving saloons

NOTIFICATION.

Fort St. George, July 13, 1937
(*G.O. No.* 1673, *P.H.*).

No. 338.—

The following by-laws adopted by the Corporation of Madras under sections 283 and 349 of the Madras City Municipal Act, 1919, for the regulation of animal control, food control, industrial control, trade control, disease-prevention and cleanliness of barber-shops and shaving saloons and sanctioned by the Government under section 352 of the said Act, are published for general information:—

ANIMAL CONTROL—STABLES, SHEDS AND COW HOUSES.

BY-LAWS UNDER SECTIONS 283 (2) AND 349 (12) OF THE MADRAS CITY MUNICIPAL ACT, 1919, TO PROVIDE FOR REGULATING THE MODE OF CONSTRUCTING STABLES, CATTLE-SHEDS AND COW HOUSES AND CONNECTING THEM WITH MUNICIPAL DRAINS.

1. No person shall use any premises for stables, attle-sheds or cow houses within such distance of ny human habitation as the Health Officer may pecify.

2. The floor of such premises shall be at least one oot above the level of the adjoining ground.

3. No person shall use any premises for any of the urposes mentioned in by-law 1, unless every build-ng in such premises is constructed of masonry and nless every part thereof is constructed of non-nflammable material.

4. Every such premises shall comply with the ollowing further requirements:—

(*a*) It shall have an open space of not less than 0 feet in width at least on two sides within the oundary of such premises. It shall be open on two des which may, however, be fitted with such weather oards and screens as may in each case be approved y the Health Officer.

(*b*) It shall have a wall of a height of not less an 6 feet in any portion thereof between the floor nd the wall plate.

(*c*) shall provide for a floor space on the follow-ng scale, namely:—

(i) for each horse—not less than 9 feet by 6 eet; and

(ii) for each bullock, cow or buffalo—not less han 9 feet by 4 feet.

Such space shall in each case, be exclusive of the ace occupied by any manger, or drain or by any rriage or cart kept in such premises.

5. The owner or occupier of any such premises hall cause the flooring of every building in such pre-ises to be paved or otherwise made impervious. e shall cause such flooring to be grooved and sloped wards an impervious masonry drain which, in nsewered areas in the city, shall be shallow and dis-harge into a grit chamber and shall be connected ith a public drain when so permitted by the Com-issioner. In sewered areas, such drains shall be ovided with suitable traps and connected with the wers. Where there is no public drain or sewer, the ain from the premises shall discharge into a asonry cistern situated inside the yard. Such stern shall be of such dimensions as to hold not less an twenty-four hours' flow of waste water from ch premises and shall be closely covered and ted with an air-tight frame and cover. Such stern shall be completely emptied and cleansed at ast once in every twenty-four hours and the waste ater disposed of in such manner as may be approved by the Health Officer.

6. He shall cause every open space in or upon ch premises to be paved or metalled and drained the satisfaction of the Commissioner.

7. He shall provide in such premises, if so required the Commissioner, suitable latrine accommodation r persons employed in or using such premises.

8. He shall provide suitable covered, air-tight, n-absorbent receptacles for the deposit of all refuse atter and shall cause such receptacles to be emptied rice in every twenty-four hours into dust bins or unicipal carts.

9. He shall provide a sufficient supply of wholesome water and shall maintain such number of troughs for watering animals as may be prescribed by the Health Officer from time to time.

10. He shall cause the said premises to be thoroughly cleansed at least twice in every twenty-four hours or more often, if necessary, and shall prevent any accumulation of filth or refuse therein.

11. He shall give immediate notice to the Health Officer or the Divisional Sanitary Inspector of the occurrence of any infectious or dangerous disease among the animals in such premises and shall segregate or remove all sick animals to such place as the *Health Officer* may direct and shall not sell or cause to be sold or use or cause to be used the milk of such animals for any purpose without the written permission of the Health Officer.

12. Whoever commits a breach of any of the above by-laws shall be punishable—

(*a*) with fine which may extend to fifty rupees and in case of a continuing breach with fine which may extend to fifteen rupees for every day during which the breach continues after conviction for the first breach; or

(*b*) with fine which may extend to ten rupees for every day during which the breach continues after receipt of notice from the Commissioner to discontinue such breach.

FOOD CONTROL—BAKING OR PREPARING BREAD, BISCUITS AND CONFECTIONERY.

BY-LAWS UNDER SECTION 349 (13) OF THE MADRAS CITY MUNICIPAL ACT, 1919, FOR THE SANITARY CONTROL AND SUPERVISION OF PLACES USED FOR BAKING OR PREPARING BREAD, BISCUITS OR CONFECTIONERY (FOR OTHER THAN DOMESTIC USE).

1. No person shall use any building for baking or preparing bread, biscuits or confectionery (for other than domestic use), unless—

(*a*) it is constructed of masonry;

(*b*) every part thereof is constructed of non-inflammable material; and

(*c*) it contains sufficient and separate accommodation for (i) store-room, (ii) oven and (iii) kneading room.

2. Every person who has obtained from the Commissioner a licence for the use of any premises for any of the abovesaid purposes shall provide a sufficient supply of pure and wholesome water in such premises and shall cause such premises to be thoroughly cleansed as often as may be necessary and at least twice in every 24 hours and shall prevent any accumulation of filth or refuse therein.

3. He shall cause all materials which have been received on such premises and which are not required for immediate use in his trade to be stored in a separate well-ventilated room.

4. He shall cause every part of the internal surface of the walls and ceiling of every building upon such premises to be hot limewashed at least twice in every year in the months of April and October or more often if so required by the Health Officer.

5. He shall provide suitable means of ventilation and lighting upon or in connexion with such premises and shall adopt such practical means as may be approved by the Health Officer for the prevention of all nuisance from smoke or other effluvia arising during any process in the manufacturing, etc. He shall also maintain them at all times in good order and efficient action.

6. He shall cause the flooring of every building in such premises to be paved or otherwise made impervious and drained to the satisfaction of the Commissioner. Such flooring shall be kept at all times in good order and repair.

7. He shall provide suitable means of drainage upon or in connexion with such premises and shall cause the same to be maintained at all times in good order and efficient action.

8. He shall not permit or suffer any part of such premises to be used at any time for purposes of human habitation or for stabling animals.

9. He shall provide suitable non-absorbent, air-tight, covered receptacles in such premises for the deposit of all refuse matter and he shall cause such receptacles to be emptied as often as may be necessary and at least twice in every twenty-four hours into the dust bin provided by the Corporation for the purpose.

10. No person shall spit in or upon such premises except in such receptacles or places as are provided for such purpose.

11. Every licensee shall provide in such premises latrines in such position and of such description, size and number as the Health Officer may direct for the use of persons employed therein. The licensee shall not provide any lavatory, urinal or latrine opening directly into, or upon, any place in which bread, biscuits and confectionery are prepared or stored otherwise than through a fully ventilated passage.

12. He shall cause every person employed in the preparation, distribution or handling of any article of food or drink in such premises to be medically examined on entertainment and twice every year thereafter. He shall also require every such person to produce a certificate from a Corporation Medical Officer to the effect that he is free from disease or infection of any kind and is fit for employment in such business. Such certificate shall be granted free of charge by the Corporation Medical Officers and shall be produced by the licensee for inspection as often as may be required by the Health Officer or Inspecting Officer.

13. He shall cause the surface of every dough table used in such premises to be kept smooth and impervious and free from cracks and crevices. He shall also cause it to be thoroughly cleansed both morning and evening and covered over with a clean cloth when not in use.

14. He shall keep at all time all trays and other utensils used in the business in a clean and sanitary condition and in good order and repair.

15. He shall store in bags all flour and other articles which are not required for immediate use and shall place them not on the ground but on benches, tables or other raised platforms made of impervious material.

16. He shall provide every person employed in such premises with a clean apron.

17. He shall store all bread, biscuits, confectionery and other articles prepared in such premises in such manner as to completely protect them from dust, flies and vermin.

18. No leper and no person suffering from an open sore or any loathsome, infectious or contagious disease shall carry on the business referred to in by-law 1 and no licensee shall employ a leper or any person suffering as aforesaid to assist him in carrying on such business.

19. Every licensee shall cease temporarily to carry on such business on the occurrence of leprosy or of any loathsome, infectious or contagious disease in his house or in the house of any person employed in or assisting in such business and he shall not sell any article made or kept therein or resume such business without the written permission of the Health Officer.

20. No dog shall be kept or permitted in any such premises.

21. Whoever commits a breach of any of the above by-laws shall be punishable—

(a) with fine which may extend to fifty rupees and in case of a continuing breach with fine which may extend to fifteen rupees for every day during which the breach continues after conviction for the first breach; or

(b) with fine which may extend to ten rupees for every day during which the breach continues after receipt of notice from the Commissioner to discontinue such breach.

FOOD CONTROL—ICE.

PREMISES USED FOR MANUFACTURING ICE.

1. No person shall use any building for manufacturing ice unless—

(a) it is constructed of masonry; and

(b) every part thereof is constructed of non-inflammable material.

2. Every person who has obtained from the Commissioner a licence for the use of any premises as an ice factory shall provide in such premises a sufficient supply of water from a source approved by the Health Officer in writing and shall cause such premises to be thoroughly cleansed at least twice in every twenty-four hours or more often if necessary and shall prevent any accumulation of filth or refuse therein.

3. He shall cause the flooring of every building in such premises to be paved or otherwise made impervious and drained to the satisfaction of the Health Officer. Such flooring shall be kept at all times in good order and repair.

4. He shall provide suitable means of ventilation and lighting upon or in connexion with such premises and shall cause the same to be maintained at all times in good order and efficient action.

5. He shall provide suitable means of drainage upon or in connexion with such premises and shall cause the same to be maintained at all times in good order and efficient action.

6. He shall provide such latrine accommodation for persons employed in the factory as is approved by the Health Officer. Such latrine shall be situated outside the building used as ice factory and shall not communicate directly with it.

7. He shall cause every part of the internal surface of the walls and ceiling of every building upon such premises to be hot limewashed at least twice in every year in the months of April and October or more often if so required by the Health Officer.

8. He shall not use or permit or suffer any part of such premises to be used at any time for purposes of human habitation or for stabling animals.

9. He shall provide filters, storage tanks, vessels for boiling and other appliances of such design and material and capacity as may be required by the Health Officer for the purification and storage of water and he shall cause to be maintained at all times such storage tanks, boiling vessels and other appliances in a clean and sanitary condition and in good order and repair. He shall not cause or suffer any ice to be manufactured in such premises from water which has not been thoroughly filtered and purified to the satisfaction of the Health Officer. He shall not use or cause to be used any flannel sponge or muslin or other similar material in the purification or filtration of water.

10. He shall, whenever so ordered by the Commissioner, forward to any approved laboratory samples of ice and of water used in its manufacture at any stage in the process, for chemical and bacteriological examination. He shall submit the result of every such analysis to the Commissioner and shall also meet all expenses incurred in this behalf.

11. He shall at all times adopt and cause to be maintained in good order and efficient action upon such premises all such means and appliances as the Health Officer may, from time to time, require for the purpose of preventing any injury to any person employed therein or preventing, abating or minimizing any nuisance or annoyance to the neighbourhood or to the public.

12. No person shall spit in or upon such premises except in such receptacles or places as are provided for the purpose.

13. No leper and no person suffering from an open sore or any loathsome, infectious or contagious disease shall carry on such business and no licensee shall employ a leper or any person suffering as aforesaid to assist him in carrying on such business.

14. Every licensee shall cease temporarily to carry on such business on the occurrence of leprosy or of any loathsome, infectious or contagious disease in his house or in the house of any person employed in or assisting in such business and he shall not sell ice made or kept therein or resume such business without the written permission of the Health Officer.

15. No dog shall be kept or permitted in any such premises.

16. Whoever commits a breach of any of the above by-laws shall be punishable—

(*a*) with fine which may extend to fifty rupees and in case of a continuing breach with fine which may extend to fifteen rupees for every day during which the breach continues after conviction for the first breach; or

(*b*) with fine which may extend to ten rupees for every day during which the breach continues after receipt of notice from the Commissioner to discontinue such breach.

IV

FOOD CONTROL—AERATED WATER.

PREMISES FOR MANUFACTURING AERATED WATER.

1. No person shall use any building for manufacturing aerated waters unless—

(*a*) it is constructed of masonry;

(*b*) every part thereof is constructed of non-inflammable material; and

(*c*) suitable accommodation is provided separately for (i) the cleansing of bottles, (ii) the filtration and storage of water, (iii) the charging of bottles, (iv) the storage of all materials connected with such manufacture, and (v) the making and mixing of syrups.

2. Every person who has obtained from the Commissioner a licence for the use of any premises as an aerated water factory shall provide a sufficient and good supply of water in such premises and shall cause such premises to be thoroughly cleansed at least twice in every twenty-four hours or more often, if necessary and shall prevent any accumulation of filth or refuse therein.

3. He shall cause the flooring of every building in such premises to be paved or otherwise made impervious and drained to the satisfaction of the Health Officer. Such flooring shall be kept at all times in good order and repair.

4. He shall provide suitable means of ventilation and lighting upon or in connexion with such premises and shall cause the same to be maintained at all times in good order and efficient action.

5. He shall provide suitable means of drainage upon or in connexion with such premises and shall cause the same to be maintained at all times in good order and efficient action.

6. He shall cause every part of the internal surface of the walls and ceiling of every building upon such premises to be hot limewashed at least twice in every year in the months of April and October or more often if so required by the Health Officer.

7. He shall not use or permit or suffer any part of such premises to be used at any time for purposes of human habitation or for stabling animals.

8. He shall provide such latrine accommodation for persons employed in the factory as is approved by the Health Officer. Such latrine shall be situated outside the building used as aerated water factory and shall not communicate directly with it.

9. He shall provide fitters, storage tanks, vessels for boiling and other appliances of such design, material and capacity as the Health Officer may by general or special order require for the purification and storage of water and he shall cause to be maintained at all times such storage tanks, boiling vessels and other appliances in a clean and sanitary condition and in good order and repair. He shall not cause or suffer any aerated waters to be manufactured in such premises from water which has not been filtered and purified to the satisfaction of the Health Officer.

10. He shall provide for the preparation of syrups or such other articles, vessels of glass or enamel or of such other material as may be approved by the Health Officer.

11. He shall cause every bottle to be thoroughly washed and cleansed with a brush or other suitable apparatus, and shall, before it is charged, cause it to be drained of the water in it by keeping its mouth downwards on a rack provided for the purpose.

12. He shall provide a sufficient number of racks of a design approved by the Health Officer for the draining of washed bottles and for storage of charged bottles.

13. He shall not use or cause to be used any flannels, sponges, muslins or other similar materials in the purification or filtration of water or the preparation of syrups.

14. He shall at all times adopt and cause to be maintained in good order and efficient action upon such premises all such means and appliances, as the Health Officer may, from time to time, require for the purpose of preventing any injury to any person employed therein or preventing, abating or minimizing any nuisance or annoyance to the neighbourhood or to the public.

15. No person shall spit in or upon such premises except in such receptacles or places as are provided for the purpose.

16. No leper and no person suffering from an open sore or any loathsome, infectious or contagious disease shall carry on the business referred to in by-law 1 and no licensee shall employ a leper or any person suffering as aforesaid to assist him in carrying on such business.

17. Every licensee shall cease temporarily to carry on such business on the occurrence of leprosy or of any loathsome, infectious or contagious disease in his house or in the house of any person employed in or assisting in such business and he shall not sell any article made or kept therein or resume such business without the written permission of the Health Officer.

18. He shall not permit any aerated waters manufactured in such premises to be issued without his trade label being affixed thereon.

19. He shall cause every person employed in such business to be medically examined on entertainment and twice every year thereafter. He shall also require every such person to produce a certificate from a Corporation Medical Officer to the effect that he is free from disease or infection of any kind and is fit for employment in such business. Such certificate shall be granted free of charge by the Corporation Medical Officers and shall be produced by the licensee for inspection as often as may be required by the Health Officer or Inspecting Officer.

20. No dog shall be kept or permitted in any aerated water factory.

21. The licensee shall, whenever so ordered by the Commissioner, forward to an approved laboratory samples of water at any stage in the manufacture of aerated water for chemical and bacteriological examination. He shall submit the result of every such examination to the Commissioner and shall also meet all expenses incurred in this behalf.

22. He shall not hire out any machinery to, or permit any machinery to be used by, private individuals for charging with gas or for manufacture of aerated waters.

23. Whoever commits a breach of any of the above by-laws shall be punishable—

(*a*) with fine which may extend to fifty rupees and in case of a continuing breach with fine which may extend to fifteen rupees for every day during which the breach continues after conviction for the first breach; or

(*b*) with fine which may extend to ten rupees for every day during which the breach continues after receipt of notice from the Commissioner to discontinue such breach.

V

INDUSTRIAL CONTROL—BOILING PADDY.

PREMISES USED FOR BOILING PADDY.

1. Every person who has obtained from the Commissioner a licence for the use of any premises for the purpose of boiling paddy shall provide a sufficient supply of water in such premises and shall cause such premises to be thoroughly cleansed at least once in every twenty-four hours or more often if necessary and shall prevent any accumulation of filth or refuse therein.

2. He shall provide suitable means of drainage upon or in connexion with such premises and shall cause the same to be maintained at all times in good order and efficient action.

3. He shall provide suitable means of ventilation and lighting upon or in connexion with such premises and shall adopt such practical means as may

be approved by the Health Officer for the prevention of all nuisance from smoke or other effluvia arising during such boiling of paddy. He shall also maintain them at all times in good order and efficient action.

4. He shall provide suitable receptacles in suitable places for soaking paddy. He shall cause the flooring of every such place to be paved or otherwise made impervious and drained to the satisfaction of the Health Officer. Such flooring shall be kept at all times in good order and repair.

5. He shall provide for drying paddy a platform or other suitable place paved with tiles, slabs or cement and no person shall dry paddy except on such platform or other place provided for the purpose.

6. He shall not use or permit for soaking paddy water from any source which is prohibited by the Health Officer.

7. He shall not soak or permit the soaking of paddy in water previously used for the same purpose nor shall he allow such waste water to be retained in any vessel in the premises. He shall cause such water to be disposed of in such manner as the Health Officer may direct.

8. He shall provide suitable non-absorbent receptacles for the deposit of all refuse matter in the premises and cause it to be disposed of not less than twice in every twenty-four hours in such manner as the Health Officer may direct. Unless so permitted in writing by the Health Officer such refuse shall not be deposited in any public street or dust-bin.

9. No leper and no person suffering from an open sore or any loathsome, infectious or contagious disease shall carry on such business and no licensee shall employ a leper or any person suffering as aforesaid to assist him in carrying on such business.

10. Every licensee shall cease temporarily to carry on such business on the occurrence of leprosy or of any loathsome, infectious or contagious disease in his or in the house of any person employed in or assisting in such business and he shall not sell any paddy or rice kept or made in such premises or resume his business without the written permission of the Health Officer.

11. He shall keep all rice or paddy stored or exposed for sale in such covered receptacles or places as may be approved by the Health Officer.

12. No person shall spit in or upon such premises except in such receptacles or places as are provided for the purpose.

13. Whoever commits breach of any of the above by-laws shall be punishable—

(*a*) with fine which may extend to fifty rupees and in case of a continuing breach with fine which may extend to fifteen rupees for every day during which the breach continues after conviction for the first breach; or

(*b*) with fine which may extend to ten rupees for every day during which the breach continues after receipt of notice from the Commissioner to discontinue such breach.

VI-J

FOOD CONTROL—DAIRIES.

BY-LAWS UNDER SECTION 349 (15) AND (17) OF THE MADRAS CITY MUNICIPAL ACT 1919, TO PROVIDE FOR THE INSPECTION OF MILCH-CATTLE AND THE REGULATION OF THE VENTILATION, LIGHTING, CLEANSING, DRAINAGE AND WATER-SUPPLY OF DAIRIES AND CATTLE-SHEDS IN THE OCCUPATIONS OF PERSONS FOLLOWING THE TRADE OF DAIRYMAN OR MILK-SELLER; FOR REQUIRING NOTICE TO BE GIVEN WHENEVER ANY ANIMAL IS AFFECTED WITH ANY CONTAGIOUS DISEASE AND PRESCRIBING THE PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN ORDER TO PROTECT MILCH-CATTLE AND MILK FROM INFECTION AND CONTAMINATION.

No person shall use any premises or permit any premises to be used for the purpose of a dairy or a cattle-shed within such distance of any human habitation as the Health Officer may specify.

The floor of every such premises shall be at least one foot above the level of the adjoining ground.

3. No building in such premises shall be constructed of inflammable materials.

4. Every such premises shall comply with the following further requirements:—

(*a*) It shall have an open space of not less than 10 feet in width at least on two sides within the boundary of such premises. It shall be open on two sides which may, however, be fitted with such weather boards and screens as may, in each case, be approved by the Health Officer.

(*b*) It shall have a wall of a height of not less than six feet in any portion thereof between the floor and the wall plate.

(*c*) It shall provide for a floor space of not less than nine feet by four feet for each cow or buffalo. Such floor space shall, in each case, be exclusive of the space occupied by any manger or drain.

The owner of any premises licensed for use as a dairy or cattle-shed before these by-laws come into force which do not fulfil the requirements laid down in by-laws 4 (*a*), (*b*) and (*c*), shall alter such premises or any part thereof for the purpose of bringing such premises into conformity with such requirements as the Commissioner may direct.

At least one-third of the whole area of such premises shall be kept as open space.

5. Every person who has obtained from the Commissioner a licence for the use of any premises for the purpose of a dairy or cattle-shed shall cause the flooring of every building in such premises to be paved or otherwise made impervious and drained to the satisfaction of the Health Officer. Such flooring shall be kept at all times in good order and repair.

6. He shall cause any open space in or upon such premises to be paved or metalled and drained to the satisfaction of the Health Officer.

7. He shall cause every drain or means of drainage upon or in connexion with such premises to be maintained at all times in good order and efficient action.

8. He shall not connect any drain in such premises with any public drain or sewer without the written permission of the Health Officer.

9. He shall not pass or permit to be passed any solid refuse from such premises into a public drain or sewer.

10. He shall provide in such premises a sufficient supply of wholesome water and shall not without the previous approval in writing of the Health Officer, cause or suffer any water drawn from a well to be used or supplied to the animals stabled in the said premises or for purposes of washing the animals, cattle-sheds, or of vessels used for keeping milk.

11. He shall provide suitable, covered, airtight, non-absorbent receptacles in such premises for the deposit of all refuse matter and shall cause such receptacles to be emptied not less than twice in every twenty-four hours. The refuse shall be deposited in municipal carts if he is unable to dispose of the same in a manner approved by the Health Officer.

12. He shall cause the premises to be thoroughly washed and cleansed at least twice in every twenty-four hours and to be kept at all times in a clean and sanitary condition.

13. He shall cause every part of the internal surface of the walls and ceiling of every building in such premises to be hot lime washed at least four times in every year in the months of January, April, July and October or more often if so required by the Health Officer.

14. He shall not permit or suffer any part of such premises to be used for keeping or storing, at any one time, hay or straw in excess of the quantity required during one week for the use of the animals stabled therein.

15. (*a*) He shall not at any time when such premises are used for keeping milch-cattle keep therein a larger number of cattle than can be provided for within the space prescribed in by-law 4 above.

(*b*) He shall give immediate notice to the Health Officer or the Divisional Sanitary Inspector of the occurrence of any infectious or dangerous disease among animals in such premises and shall segregate or remove all sick animals to such place as the Health Officer may direct and shall not sell or cause

to be sold or use or cause to be used the milk of any such animal for any purpose without the written permission of the Health Officer.

(*c*) He shall whenever required by the Health Officer permit the inspection of the animals kept in such premises, or bring out, or cause to be brought out for the purpose of inspection all or any of the milch-cattle which are for the time being kept therein and shall provide every such facility as may be required for enabling the person making such inspection thoroughly to examine the animals or any of them.

16. No person shall permit any human habitation or any closet, privy, urinal or cess-pool to communicate directly with or ventilate into a dairy or cattle-yard.

17. He shall not permit or suffer any stall or stable or yard or any part of such premises to be used at any time for purposes of human habitation.

18. He shall provide every vessel used for keeping or storing milk with a tight-fitting cover.

19. He shall cause every vessel used for keeping or storing milk and other products derived therefrom to be cleansed with boiling water before and after use.

20. He shall, before the animals are milked, cause the udder and teats of such animals and the hands of the milker to be thoroughly washed and cleansed. He shall also cause the hands of every person employed in handling milk or dairy produce to be thoroughly washed before handling such article.

21. He shall cause every person employed in a dairy or a milk-shop or store to be medically examined on entertainment and twice every year thereafter. He shall also require every such person to produce a certificate from a Corporation Medical Officer to the effect that he is free from disease or infection of any kind and is fit for employment in such business. Such certificate shall be granted free of charge by the Corporation Medical Officers and shall be produced by the licensee for inspection as often as may be required by the Health Officer or Inspecting Officer.

22. Whoever commits a breach of any of the above by-laws shall be punishable—

(*a*) with fine which may extend to fifty rupees and in case of continuing breach with fine which may extend to fifteen rupees for everyday during which the breach continues after conviction for the first breach; or

(*b*) with fine which may extend to ten rupees for everyday during which the breach continues after receipt of notice from the Commissioner to discontinue such breach.

TRADE CONTROL—MARKETS—PUBLIC.

BY-LAWS UNDER SECTION 349 (18) (*a*) AND (*b*) AND (29) OF THE MADRAS CITY MUNICIPAL ACT, 1919, TO PROVIDE FOR THE INSPECTION OF PUBLIC MARKETS AND SHOPS AND OTHER PLACES THEREIN AND FOR THE REGULATION OF THEIR USE AND THE CONTROL OF THEIR SANITARY CONDITION.

1. A public market shall for the purposes of these by-laws include the land with the buildings thereon belonging to the Corporation which it has or may hereafter set apart for such purpose and shall also include all roads and vacant lands within such limits.

2. Every person working for hire as a coolie within the limits of a public market shall obtain from the Commissioner or any officer authorized in this behalf a licence for such purpose and no person shall work as a coolie for hire in the market without such licence. Licences granted under this by-law are not transferable. Nothing in this by-law shall apply to a private servant employed by any person to carry any articles purchased in the market.

3. Every licensed coolie shall when he is in such market wear such badge or dress as may be prescribed by the Commissioner. Such badge or dress may be obtained from the Commissioner on payment of such fees as may, from time to time, be fixed by him.

4. Every coolie shall obey all orders of the Superintendent or any other officer in charge of such market.

5. Every such market shall be kept open for use by the public during such hours as may be fixed from time to time by the Commissioner. A notice to that effect shall be affixed in some conspicuous place in the market. No person shall without the written permission of the Commissioner enter or remain in any such market except during such hours.

6. Every tenant or occupier of any building, shop, stall or other place in a public market shall cause the same to be thoroughly cleansed as often as may be necessary and at least twice in every twenty-four hours. He shall cause all refuse matter collected from such building, shop, stall or other place to be deposited in such receptacle as may be provided for the purpose in the market.

7. No person shall waste the water supplied in any such market by the Corporation.

8. (*a*) The Commissioner may by notice in English, Tamil, Telugu and Hindustani declare that after a specified date no article or class of articles shall be sold or exposed for sale in any public market except in such part thereof as may be specified in that behalf.

(*b*) the said notice shall be affixed in some conspicuous place in the market.

(*c*) After the publication of such notice no person shall sell or expose for sale any article in such market except in accordance with the terms of such notice.

9. No tenant or occupier of any building, shop, stall or other place in such market shall store or expose for sale or cause or permit to be stored or exposed for sale any article so as to project beyond the limits of such building, shop, stall or other place.

10. The tenant or occupier of any building, shop, stall or other place in such market shall before closing the same extinguish or cause to be extinguished any light which may be used in such building, shop, stall or other place.

11. No person shall use any naked light nor shall any person light any fire or cook in any part of such market.

12. No person shall sell or expose for sale in such market, any meat, fish, vegetables, fruits or other articles of food and drink which are noxious. Meat which has been subjected to the process of blowing or which by other artificial means is made to appear to be in a condition differing from its real condition shall be deemed to be noxious.

13. No person shall carry any meat or offal in a market unless it is properly covered.

14. No tenant or occupier or a servant of a tenant or occupier of any building, stall, or stand in the market used for sale, or exposure or preparation for sale, of any carcass or meat shall cleave such carcass or meat elsewhere than upon a cleaving block or chopping board or otherwise than when properly attached to or suspended from the hooks provided for the purpose in, upon or in connexion with such building, stall or stand.

15. No leper and no person suffering from an open sore or any loathsome, infectious or contagious disease shall enter such market or carry on any business or be employed in or assist in the carrying on of any business in such market. Any person committing a breach of this by-law may be expelled from such market by the Superintendent or any other officer in charge thereof.

16. No vehicle or animal other than those intended for sale shall be permitted to remain in any part of a market except in such places provided for the purpose. No person in charge of any wagon, cart, truck, barrow, or other vehicle or of any beast of burden shall cause or allow such vehicle or beast to stand in any avenue or passage in such market or in any of the immediate approaches thereto for any longer time than shall be reasonably necessary for the loading or unloading of any goods, provisions or any other marketable commodities or articles that might be brought therein.

17. No dog shall be permitted to enter any such market; any dog found therein shall be dealt with as a stray dog.

18. No person shall spit, or wilfully or negligently throw in any avenue or passage in such market any article, except in such receptacles or places as may be provided for the purpose.

19. The superintendent or any other officer in charge of the market may expel any person who is found drunk or begging or loitering or making noise or fighting or quarrelling or using insulting, abusive or obscene language or misconducting himself or creating a disturbance in any manner in such market.

20. Every tenant or occupier of any shop, stall, godown, stand or other place in such market shall at all times afford free access thereto for purposes of inspection by the Commissioner or any other officer deputed for the purpose.

21. Every tenant and occupier and every servant of a tenant or occupier of any shop, stall, godown, stand or other place in such market shall at all times be decently and properly dressed when present in the market.

22. Every tenant or occupier of any shop, stall, godown, stand or other place in such market or any person resorting thereto shall be responsible for any damage done to such market either by his own act or by the act of his servant or assistant and shall pay compensation for such damage.

23. Except in cases where the right of collection of rent is leased out on contract, no person shall—

(*a*) occupy or use any shop, stall, godown, stand or other place in any such market, except as the immediate tenant or occupier under the Corporation;

(*b*) not being the immediate tenant or occupier under the Corporation, or an employee of such immediate tenant or occupier, sell or offer or expose for sale or deposit for sale or otherwise, any articles in or upon any shop, stall, godown, stand or other place in any such market; and

(*c*) assign, sub-let, or part with the possession of any shop, stall, godown, stand or other place in any such market.

24. Every tenant or occupier of any shop, stall, godown, stand or other place in any such market who shall employ another person to carry on his business at such shop, stall, godown, stand or other place on his behalf and as his substitute, shall register the name of such person with the superintendent or any other officer in charge of the market.

25. He shall forthwith cease to employ at such shop, stall, godown, stand or other place any person whose employment in that capacity may be prohibited in writing by the Commissioner.

26. No person shall hold any sale by auction in any such market without the written permission of the Commissioner.

27. No tenant or occupier of any shop, stall, godown, stand or other place in such market shall solicit customers in any manner.

28. No person shall in any such market—

(*a*) hawk any articles, or

(*b*) use any weights, scales or measures except such standard weights, scales and measures as may be prescribed by the Commissioner from time to time.

29. No person shall loiter or stand in any avenues or passages of any such market, or its immediate approaches to the annoyance or obstruction of any person.

30. No person shall sleep in any shop, stall, godown, stand or other place in any such market.

31. No tenant or occupier of any shop, stall, godown, stand or other place in such market shall retain a lien on his shop or stall during absence therefrom, unless he pays full rent for it during such absence, and no such lien shall exist after an absence of fifteen consecutive days.

The rent shall be paid regularly on or before the 5th of every month in the case of monthly rents and at or before 5 p.m. every day in the case of daily rents. In case of default, irrespective of penalty provided in by-law 33 the goods in such shop, stall, godown, stand or other place may be distrained and sold and the proceeds credited to rent, the balance if any being returnable. After such distraint the tenant or occupier of such shop or other place will have no lien thereon and the same may be assigned to others.

32. (1) A licensed coolie shall not, while plying for hire in any such market, cause annoyance to any person.

(2) Every licensed coolie in such market shall at all times, while plying for hire conduct himself with civility and propriety towards every person hiring or seeking to hire his services, and shall comply with every reasonable requirement of any person hiring his services (and shall in all respects obey the orders of the superintendent or any other officer in charge of the market).

33. Whoever commits a breach of any of the above by-laws shall be punishable—

(*a*) with fine which may extend to fifty rupees and in case of a continuing breach with fine which may extend to fifteen rupees for every day during which the breach continues after conviction for the first breach; or

(*b*) with fine which may extend to ten rupees for every day during which the breach continues after receipt of notice from the Commissioner to discontinue such breach.

TRADE CONTROL—MARKETS—PRIVATE.

BY-LAWS UNDER SECTION 349 (18) (*a*) AND (*b*) OF THE MADRAS CITY MUNICIPAL ACT, 1919, TO PROVIDE FOR THE INSPECTION OF PRIVATE MARKETS AND SHOPS AND OTHER PLACES THEREIN AND FOR THE REGULATION OF THEIR USE AND THE CONTROL OF THEIR SANITARY CONDITION.

1. Every private market shall without notice be open to inspection by the Commissioner or any officer authorized by him in this behalf at any time by day or by night when such market is being used.

2. No person shall use any building as a private market unless—

(*a*) it is constructed of masonry; and

(*b*) every part thereof is constructed of non-inflammable materials.

3. The owner, occupier or farmer of any premises who has obtained from the Commissioner a licence to use such premises as a private market shall construct suitable approaches, entrances, passages, and gates for such market.

4. He shall, for the purpose of storing or exposing goods for sale therein, construct a sufficient number of stalls, shops, rooms, etc., of such design and dimensions as the Commissioner may direct.

5. He shall provide passages of sufficient width between the stalls.

6. He shall if so required by the Commissioner cause the whole or any portion of such market to be roofed.

7. He shall cause the flooring of every stall and every other building in such premises to be paved or otherwise made impervious and drained to the satisfaction of the Commissioner. Such flooring shall be kept at all times in good order and repair.

8. He shall cause every approach and passage or gangway in such premises to be paved or metalled or gravelled and sloped and drained to the satisfaction of the Commissioner.

9. He shall cause every drain or means of drainage upon or in connexion with such premises to be maintained at all times in good order and efficient action.

10. He shall if so required by the Commissioner provide in connexion with such drains, covered cesspits constructed of masonry containing receptacles and of such dimensions as the Commissioner may direct. Such receptacles shall be emptied as often as may be necessary and at least twice in every twenty-four hours.

11. He shall provide suitable means of ventilation and lighting upon or in connexion with such passages, stalls, and other building in such premises and shall cause the same to be maintained at all times in good order and efficient action.

12. He shall provide in such premises a sufficient supply of wholesome water.

13. He shall cause every part of such premises to be thoroughly cleansed as often as may be necessary and at least twice in every twenty-four hours and shall prevent any accumulation of filth or refuse therein.

14. He shall provide suitable covered, air-tight, non-absorbent receptacles for the deposit of all refuse matter and such receptacle shall be emptied at least twice in every twenty-four hours.

15. He shall cause every part of the internal surface of the walls and ceiling of every building upon such premises to be hot lime-washed to the satisfaction of the Health Officer at least four times in every year in the months of January, April, July and October or more often if so required by the Health Officer.

16. He shall provide in such premises latrines of such description and in such position and number as the Commissioner may prescribe.

17. He shall not permit or suffer any market, stalls or godowns in such premises to be used at any time for purposes of human habitation.

18. He shall, when so required by the Health Officer, cause any articles in such premises to be aired and exposed to the sun.

19. He shall not permit any articles to be kept or sold or exposed for sale in any portion of any passages, approaches or gangways in such premises.

20. No person shall in any such market use weights, scales and measures except such standard weights, scales and measures as may be prescribed by the Commissioner from time to time.

21. He shall not permit to be sold or exposed for sale in such market any article of food or drink which is noxious, unwholesome or otherwise unfit for human consumption.

22. He shall not permit the sale of animal and vegetable food articles in the same stall. Separate stalls should be allotted for each kind of foodstuff the one being sufficiently screened from the other.

23. No person shall spit in or upon any part of such premises except in such receptacles or places as are provided for such purposes.

24. The licensee shall at all times take suitable steps to keep every building in such premises free from rats or other rodents.

25. He shall not permit the use of any naked light nor shall he permit any fire to be lighted or any cooking to be done in any market, stall or godown.

26. He shall, if required by the Commissioner, appoint a suitable person to be in charge of such market.

27. No leper and no person suffering from an open sore or any loathsome, infectious or contagious disease shall be permitted to enter or carry on any business or be employed in or assist in the carrying on of any business in such premises.

28. No dog or cattle shall be permitted in any private market.

29. Whoever commits a breach of any of the above by-laws shall be punishable—

(*a*) with fine which may extend to fifty rupees and in case of a continuing breach with fine which may extend to fifteen rupees for every day during which the breach continues after conviction for the first breach; or

(*b*) with fine which may extend to ten rupees for every day during which the breach continues after receipt of notice from the Commissioner to discontinue such breach.

DISEASE PREVENTION—DHOBIKHANA.

BY-LAWS UNDER SECTION 349 (3) (*b*) OF THE MADRAS CITY MUNICIPAL ACT, 1919, FOR THE REGULATION AND CONTROL OF MUNICIPAL DHOBIKHANAS (PUBLIC WASHING).

1. A municipal dhobikhana shall for the purpose of these by-laws include all the lands together with the buildings thereon belonging to the Corporation which have been, or may hereafter be, set apart by the Council for the purpose of a municipal dhobikana as well as all roads and vacant lands within such limits.

2. Every such dhobikhana shall be open for use daily between the hours of 5 a.m. and 6 p.m., or between such hours as may be fixed by the Commissioner from time to time. A notice of such hours shall be affixed in some conspicuous place in such dhobikhana. No dhobi shall enter or remain in such premises except during the hours so notified.

3. Every person intending to use such dhobikhana shall obtain a licence from the Commissioner for such purpose which will be granted on payment of the rents and fees prescribed therefor.

4. Every person who has obtained a licence under by-law 3 shall be allotted a specific place in such dhobikhana and he shall not use any other place therein. He shall be entitled to use one stone during the month for which the licence is granted.

5. The Commissioner or any person authorized by him in this behalf may at his discretion permit any licensee to have one assistant at such dhobikhana and the name of such assistant shall be entered in his licence. All persons using the dhobikhana shall obey the orders of the person in charge.

6. No stranger shall enter such dhobikhana except with the written permission of the Commissioner or the person in charge thereof and any person entering such dhobikhana without such permission may be expelled therefrom by the person in charge.

7. No leper and no person suffering from an open sore or any loathsome, infectious or contagious disease shall be permitted to enter or carry on any business or be employed in or assist in the carrying on of any business in such dhobikhana or remove or assist in the removal of any clothing or other articles to or from such dhobikhana and any person disobeying this by-law may be expelled from the dhobikhana by the person in charge thereof. Every person engaged in washing, rinsing, starching, drying and ironing clothes shall produce a medical certificate every half-year from a Corporation Medical Officer to the effect that he is free from disease or infection of any kind and is fit for employment in such business. Such certificates shall be granted free of charge by the Corporation Medical Officers.

8. Every licensee shall bring to the notice of the Commissioner the occurrence of leprosy or of any loathsome or infectious or contagious disease in his house or in the house of his assistant and no person in whose house such disease has occurred shall enter the dhobikhana without the written permission of the Commissioner.

9. No person shall take or send to such dhobikhana for any purpose any bedding, clothing or other articles which he knows or has reason to know, have been exposed to infection from any infectious or contagious disease unless such bedding, clothing, or other articles have been previously thoroughly disinfected to the satisfaction of the Commissioner.

10. Every licensee shall deposit with the person in charge of the dhobikhana a statement with the names and addresses of all his customers.

11. He shall keep soiled and washed clothes in separate places allotted for such purposes.

12. He shall use for washing only such water as is provided for such purpose and the waste water shall be removed as often as may be necessary.

13. He shall cause every place allotted to him or used by him for any purpose to be thoroughly cleansed as often as may be necessary and all refuse collected from such place shall be deposited in such receptacle as may be provided for the purpose.

14. He shall cause all beasts of burden used for carrying clothes to be tied in the place provided for the purpose and shall not allow them to roam about in the premises.

15. He or his assistant shall before leaving such dhobikhana extinguish or cause to be extinguished every fire or light lit by him or his assistant. No fire or light which is dangerous to the safety of such dhobikhana shall at any time be kindled or left alight.

16. He shall be responsible for any damage done to such dhobikhana either by his own act or by the act of his assistant and shall pay compensation for such damage; if any licensee refuses to pay such compensation, he may be expelled therefrom and the amount recovered from him in accordance with section 395 of the Madras City Municipal Act, 1919.

17. No person shall cook or smoke in any place in the dhobikhana other than at the places provided for such purposes.

18. No person shall spit in or upon such dhobikhana or deposit any filth or refuse in any part of such dhobikhana except in places provided for such purposes.

19. Any person who is found drunk or begging or loitering or making noise or fighting or quarrelling or using insulting, abusive or obscene language or misconducting himself or creating disturbance in any other manner in such dhobikhana shall be expelled therefrom by the person in charge.

20. Any licensee or his assistant infringing any of these by-laws may be expelled from such dhobikhana and be prevented from carrying on any business or occupying or using any room or place therein.

21. No dog shall be permitted in such dhobikhana and any dog found therein shall be dealt with as a stray dog.

22. Whoever commits a breach of any of the above by-laws shall be punishable—

(*a*) with fine which may extend to fifty rupees and in case of a continuing breach with fine which may extend to fifteen rupees for every day during which the breach continues after conviction for the first breach; or

(*b*) with fine which may extend to ten rupees for every day during which the breach continues after receipt of notice from the Commissioner to discontinue such breach.

DISEASE PREVENTION—WASHING CLOTHES.

Section 287—Schedule VI.

BY-LAWS UNDER SECTION 349 (13) OF THE MADRAS CITY MUNICIPAL ACT, 1919, REGULATING PREMISES USED FOR WASHING SOILED CLOTHES AND KEEPING SOILED CLOTHES FOR THE PURPOSE OF WASHING THEM AND KEEPING WASHED CLOTHES.

1. Every person who may have obtained from the Commissioner a licence for the use of any premises for the purpose of washing soiled clothes or keeping soiled clothes for the purpose of washing them or keeping washed clothes shall provide a sufficient supply of water in such premises and shall cause such premises to be thoroughly cleansed as often as may be necessary, and at least once in every twenty-four hours and shall prevent any accumulation of filth or refuse therein.

2. He shall store soiled and washed clothes in separate rooms or places in such premises.

3. He shall not wash or permit to be washed soiled clothes in any source of water-supply. Water necessary for the purpose shall be drawn from the source of water-supply. The water used for washing clothes shall be prevented from entering any source of water-supply and shall be removed and disposed of in a manner approved by the Commissioner.

4. He shall cause every part of the internal surface of the walls and ceiling of every building upon such premises to be hot lime-washed at least twice in every year in the months of April and October or more often if so required by the Commissioner.

5. He shall cause the flooring of every building and the washing platforms and stands in such premises to be paved or otherwise made impervious to the satisfaction of the Commissioner. Such flooring and platforms and stands shall be kept at all times in good order and repair.

6. He shall provide suitable means of drainage upon or in connexion with such premises and shall cause the same to be maintained at all times in good order and efficient action.

7. He shall provide suitable means of ventilation and lighting upon or in connexion with such premises and shall cause the same to be maintained at all times in good order and efficient action.

8. He shall at all times adopt and cause to be maintained in good order and efficient action upon the said premises all such appliances and means in connexion with such business as the Commissioner may from time to time require.

9. He shall not permit or suffer any room or place in such premises in or upon which any of the said articles is stored or kept, to be used at any time for purposes of human habitation.

10. He shall not knowingly take or cause to be taken soiled clothes from a house where there is a dangerous, loathsome or infectious disease nor shall the owner or occupier of any such house knowingly give clothes to him to be washed until after the said house and clothes have been previously disinfected to the satisfaction of the Commissioner.

11. No leper and no person suffering from an open sore or any loathsome, infectious or contagious disease shall carry on the business of a washerman or be employed in or assist in the carrying on of such business.

12. Every licensee shall cease temporarily from carrying on his profession on the occurrence of leprosy or of any loathsome, infectious or contagious disease in such premises and he shall not resume his profession until such premises have been declared to be free from infection by the Commissioner.

13. On the occurrence of leprosy or of any loathsome, infectious or contagious disease in his premises, he shall retain all clothes in his possession until the written permission of the Commissioner has been obtained to return them to their owners.

14. He shall at once report to the Commissioner all cases of dangerous disease coming to his notice.

15. Whoever commits a breach of any of the above by-laws shall be punishable—

(*a*) with fine which may extend to fifty rupees, and in case of a continuing breach with fine which may extend to fifteen rupees for every day during which the breach continues after conviction for the first breach; or

(*b*) with fine which may extend to ten rupees for every day during which the breach continues after receipt of notice from the Commissioner to discontinue such breach.

CLEANLINESS OF BARBER SHOPS AND SHAVING SALOONS.

BY-LAWS UNDER SECTION 349 (29) OF THE MADRAS CITY MUNICIPAL ACT, 1919, FOR SECURING THE CLEANLINESS OF BARBER SHOPS AND SHAVING SALOONS.

1. No person shall use any premises as a barber shop or shaving saloon unless—

(*a*) it is constructed of masonry, or of such other durable material as may be approved by the Commissioner; and

(*b*) every part thereof is constructed of non-inflammable material.

2. Every person in charge of such premises shall cause every part of the flooring in such premises to be paved or otherwise made impervious and drained to the satisfaction of the Commissioner and such flooring shall at all times be kept in good order and repair.

3. He shall provide suitable means of drainage upon or in connexion with such premises and shall cause the same to be maintained at all times in good order and efficient action.

4. He shall provide suitable means of ventilation and lighting upon or in connexion with such premises and shall cause the same to be maintained at all times in good order and efficient action.

5. He shall cause every part of the internal surface of the walls and ceiling of every building upon such premises to be hot lime-washed at least twice in every year in the months of April and October or more often if so required by the Commissioner.

6. He shall provide suitable covered receptacles in suitable places in such premises for the deposit of all refuse matter and shall cause such receptacles to be emptied at least once in every twenty-four hours.

7. He shall provide in such premises a sufficient supply of water.

8. No leper and no person suffering from an open sore or any loathsome, infectious or contagious disease shall carry on the business of a barber or be employed in or assist in the carrying on of such business.

9. Every barber or operator working in such premises shall wear a clean apron when attending on any customer.

10. Every barber or operator shall wash his hands thoroughly with soap and water before and after serving each customer; the hands of the barber or operator shall, after the customer is served, in addition to being washed with soap and water be dipped for not less than two minutes in such disinfectant as may be approved by the Commissioner.

11. Razors and other instruments used for a customer shall be rendered safe immediately after such use by being thoroughly cleansed and dipped for one minute or such longer time as may from time to time be fixed by the Commissioner, in boiling water or disinfected in a disinfectant approved by him.

12. Every shaving mug and brush shall be thoroughly rinsed in hot water after each occasion they are used.

13. At the end of every day, every brush, towel and comb used in the premises shall be sterilized by being immersed in boiling water or disinfected in such disinfectant as may be approved by the Commissioner.

14. Alum or any other similar material used to stop the flow of blood shall be applied in powdered or liquid form only.

15. No person shall spit in such premises except in such receptacles or places as are provided for the purpose.

16. No leper and no person suffering from any visible skin disease, open sore or any loathsome, infectious or contagious disease shall be admitted or be served in such premises.

17. Every person employed as a barber in a barber shop or shaving saloon shall obtain a medical certificate every half-year from a Corporation Medical Officer to the effect that he is free from disease or infection of any kind and is fit for employment in such business. Such certificate shall be granted free of charge by the Corporation Medical Officers.

18. Whosoever commits a breach of any of the above by-laws shall be punishable—

(*a*) with fine which may extend to fifty rupees, and in case of a continuing breach with fine which may extend to fifteen rupees for every day during which the breach continues after conviction for the first breach; or

(*b*) with fine which may extend to ten rupees for every day during which the breach continues after receipt of notice from the Commissioner to discontinue such breach.

C. H. MASTERMAN,
Secretary to Government.

Copy of letter No.506/52-53 dated 4th October 1952 from the Commissioner, Corporation of the City of Bangalore to the Secretary to Government, L.S.G.Department, Bangalore.

Subject: Bye-laws framed under the City of Bangalore Municipal Corporation Act, 1949.

Reference: Paras 47, 49, 50, 51, 54 and 63 of these Notes.

As desired by Government the various bye-laws have been examined in separate files and the suggestions made in paras 10 and 36 of these notes have been carried out in the concerned draft bye-laws by taking necessary extracts of the relevant portion of the notes containing the suggestions and remarks on the various draft bye-laws.

Certain general remarks have been made in respect of the license fees which have been included in the draft bye-laws. With reference to those remarks, the portion relating to the levy of license fees have omitted and a separate schedule showing the rates of license fees for the various matters mentioned in the Act will be issued in due course in a compendious manner

Each draft is forwarded to the Government separately and copies of the bye-laws of the Madras Corporation on which the draft bye-laws are based have been enclosed along with the concerned draft bye-laws. Two volumes containing the bye-laws of the existing Bangalore City Municipality and the Civil Station Municipal Commission are sent herewith for reference as separate copies of the bye-laws are not available. The Government may be pleased to approve the byelaws and return them. Arrangements will then be made to print them in English and Kannada in a book form incorporating the sanction of the Government in each case. Six copies of such printed copies will be sent to Government.

/ C O P Y /

For Secretary to Government,
L.S.G. Department.

CORPORATION OF BANGALORE

DRAFT BYE LAWS UNDER ~~SUB SECTION~~ clause (16) OF SECTION 367 OF THE CITY OF BANGALORE MUNICIPAL CORPORATION ACT 1949 (ACT N LXIX OF 1949 TO PROVIDE FOR THE SANITARY CONTROL AND SUPERVISION OF PLACES FOR THE MANUFACTURF AND PREPARATION OF ICE

Read with Section 369

1 (a) No place shall be used ~~as a place~~ for the manufacture and preparation of ice without previously obtaining a license therefor from the Commissioner of the City of Bangalore Municipal Corporation ~~on payment of a fee of Rs 50 provided that~~ No license will be necessary for the manufacture and preparation of the above article for private consumption and not for sale

(b) Any person wishing to use any premises for the said purpose shall apply to the Commissioner for a license Every application shall be in the form shown in schedule A Except in the case of temporary license every application should be made not less than 30 ~~15~~ days before the date from which the license applied for is to commence

(c) No license shall be granted for a period exceeding one year and every license shall be granted so as to expire with the official year provided that a temporary license for a period not exceeding one year may be granted for any special occasion and such license shall expire with the period for which it is granted

(d) The license shall be in the form shown in Schedule B ~~Every application for the renewal of a license granted under the bye-law shall be made one month before the end of the official year~~

The Commissioner may in his discretion ~~on the advice of the Health Officer~~ grant or refuse a license When he refuses to grant a license he shall give reasons therefor and an appeal shall lie to the ~~Health~~ Standing (Health) Committee from such an order of refusal

(e) The license granted under these bye laws shall not be transferable either as regards the person to whom or the place for which it is granted The license shall be affixed

in a conspicuous part of the place to which it pertains with the name and residential addres of the licensee correctly stated The licensee s name and number shall b further exhibited on the Trade Board or Sign Board of the licensee and he shall have such a Trade Board or Sign Board

No person shall use any building for manufacturing ice unless —

(a) it is constructed of masonry or such other durable materials a and be approved by the Commissi

(b) every part thereof is constructed of non-inflamable material

2. Every person who has obtained from the Commissioner a license for the use of any premises as an ice factory shall provide in such premises a sufficient supply of water from a source approved by the Health Officer in writing and shall cause such premises to be thoroughly cleaned at least twice in every twenty four hours or more often if necessary and shall prevent any accumulation of filth or refuse therein

3 4 He shall cause the flooring of every building in such premises to be paved or otherwise made impervious and drained to the satisfaction of the Health Officer Such flooring shall be kept at all times in good order and repair

4 5 He shall provide suitable means of ventilation and lighting upon or in connection with such premises and shall cause the same to be maintained at all times in good order and efficient action

5 6 He shall provide suitable means of drainage upon or in connection with such premises and shall cause the same to be maintained at all times in good order and efficient action

6 7 He shall provide such latrine accommodation for persons employed in the Factory as is approved by the Health Officer Such latrine shall be situated outside the building used as ice factory and shall not communicate directly with it

7 8 He shall cause every part of the internal surface of the walls and ceiling at every building upon such premises to be hot lime washed at least twice in every year in the months of April and October or more often if so required by the Health Officer

8 9 He shall not use or permit or suffer any part of such premises to be used at any time for purposes of human habitation or for stabling animals

9 10 He shall provide filters storage tanks vessels for boiling and other appliances of such design and material and capacity as

may be required by the Health Officer for the purification and storage of water and he shall cause to be maintained at all times such storage tanks boiling vessels and other appliances in a clean and sanitary condition and in good order and repair He shall not cause or suffer any ice to be manufactured in such premises from water which has not been thoroughly filtered and purified to the satisfaction of the Health Officer H shall not use or cause to be used any flannel ponge or muslin or other similar material in the purification or filtration of water

10 11 He shall whenever so ordered by the Commissioner forward to any approved or Corporation Laboratory samples of ice and water used in its manufacture at any stage in the process for chemical and bacteriological examination He shall submit the result of every such analysis to the Commissioner and shall also meet all expenses incurred in this behalf whenever the results of such analysis have gone against him

11 12 He shall at all times adopt and cause to be maintained in good order and efficient action upon such premises all such means and appliances as the Health Officer may from time to time require for the purpose of preventing any injury to any person employed therein or preventing abating or minimizing any nuisance or annoyance to the neighbourhood or to the public

12 13 No person shall spit in or upon such premises except in such receptacles or places as are provided for the purpose

13 14 No leper and no person suffering from an open sore or loathsome infectious or contagious disease shall carry on such business and no ~~license~~ shall employ a leper or any person suffering as aforesaid to assist him in carrying on such business

14 15 ~~Every licensee~~ He shall cease temporarily to carry on such business on the occurrence of leprosy or of any loathsome infectious or contagious disease in his house or in the house of any person employed in or assisting in such business and he shall not sell ice made or kept therein or resume such business without the written permission of the Health Officer

15 16 No dog shall be kept or permitted in any such premises

16 17 Whoever commits a breach of any of the above bye laws shall be punishable —

(a) with fine which may extend to fifty rupees and in case of a continuing breach with fine which may extend to fifteen rupees for every day during the breach continues after conviction for the first breach or

(b) with fine which may extend to ten rupees for every day during which the breach continues after receipt of notice from the Commissioner to discontinue such breach

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Schedule A

Form of Application for License

1 Full Name and address of Applicant

2 Father s name

3 Age

4 Purpose for which license is required

5 The place in respect of which the license is required

(1) Division

(2) Street

(3) Door No

(4) Other particulars such as boundaries necessary for identifying the place

6 The name and address of the owner of such place

7 The rent of the place or the estimated rental value where the applicant is the owner of the premises

8 Period for which license is required

I declare that all information above is true to my knowledge and belief

Applicant

Bangalore

Dated

Schedule B

Form of license issued under the Bye laws of the City of Bangalore Municipal Corporation under Section 307 (16) of the Act

---

This License is granted to Sri/Janab ..... (name and address) for the use of ..... (insert discription of place) as a place for the manufacture and preparation of ice

This license will expire on the 195

It is subject to the conditions setforth in the Bye-laws of the Municipal Corporation framed under the City of Bangalore Municipal Corporation Act 1949

(Price One Anna)

To the Commissioner
Corporation of the city
of Bangalore

L 16158
Dt 19/12/52

Subject:- Draft Bye-laws framed under the city of Bangalore Municipal Corporation Act-1949, to provide for the Sanitary Control and Supervision of places for the manufacture and preparation of ice

Sir,

With reference to your letter No A 1(2) 52 53 dated 4th October 52, on the above subject I am directed to request you to intimate whether there is any existing Bye-laws on the subject in force in the Corporation framed under the old laws and if so to indicate the Number and date of the Order with which the same was sanctioned

Yours faithfully

for Secretary L.S.G. Dept.

Copy 20/12/52
10/12

GENERAL & REVENUE SECRETARIAT
10 9462
READ ONE

CORP[redacted]ON OF THE CITY OF BANGALORE

No A 1 (2)/52-53 213 CORPORATION OFFICES,
BANGALORE
Dated 21th/19th December 1952

FROM

K HENJERAPPA ESQ, B A, B L
COMMISSIONER
CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF BANGALORE,
BANGALORE

To

The Secretary to the Government of Mysore,
Local Self Government Department,
Bangalore

UP 27-53-48

SIR,

Subject - Draft bye-laws framed under the City of Bangalore Municipal Corporation Act, 1949, to provide for the sanitary control and supervision of places for the manufacture and preparation of ice

---

With reference to your letter No L 16158 dated the 19th December 1952, I write to say that the bye-laws now in force in the Corporation are -

(1) Bye-law No 3 - Chapter III of the Civil Station Bye-laws framed under section 102(a),(b),(d) & (e) of the Bangalore Municipal Law 1887 - Vide Notifications No 670, dated 2nd October 1899 No 503/52 dated 5th January 1902 and No 2045/44 dated 29th September 1944, published on pages 57 to 59 of the Civil Station Bye-laws

(2) Chapter VIII of the Bangalore City Municipal Bye-law framed under section 51(1)(b)(iv) of the Mysore City Municipalities Act, 1933 - Vide G O No L 8310-2-M L 63-36-76, dated 20th May 1937

2 A copy each of the Volumes containing the Bangalore City and Civil Station Bye-laws was forwarded with this office U/O Gl 506/52-53 dated the 7th October 1952

Forwarded with
compliments
B V Lankappa
(B V Lankappa)
Mayor

Yours faithfully,

K Henjerappa 22/12
(K Henjerappa)
Commissioner

No 2 BYE-LAWS to provide for the sanitary control and supervision of places for the manufacture and preparation of ice

1	Date of the Mysore Gazette in which the draft of the proposed byelaw was published by the Corporation	19 7 51
2	Name and date of the respective local newspaper in which the draft of the proposed byelaw was published	Janavani D/-16-3-1950 Daily Post D/-16-3-1950
3	The date on which the draft of the proposed byelaw was further proceeded with by the Corporation after publication	17-11-1951
4	The period during which the printed copy was kept at the municipal office for inspection by public with reference to dates	From 16-3-1950
5	Were printed copies of the draft available for sale to persons requiring the	Yes
6	Whether the byelaw is intended to supersede the existing byelaw on the subject and if so, the number and date of the notification under which the existing byelaw was issued	yes vide – Chapter VIII of the City byelaws E O No L 8310-2-M1 63-36-76, D/- 20-5-1899 and Byelaw No 3, Chapter III of Civil Station byelaws - Notification No 670, D/- 2 5 1899
7	Copies of the existing byelaw on the subject may be enclosed in each case with copy of the byelaw framed by the Corporation of Madras, if any	Copy of the Madras Corporation byelaws forwarded with letter no A1(2)/52-53 D/- 6 10 1952

N Siddaiah
Commissioner
Corporation of the City of Bangalore

CM27 - 53-49

Copy

Proceedings of the Govt of Mysore

Read:

Correspondence ending with Collr No A-1 (2)/52-53 dated 26/29-12-52 from the Commissr, C C & Regarding Sanction to the lease-loans granted under the Scheme of Bldg Municipal Corporation Act to provide for the Sanitary Control and Supervision of places used for the manufacture and preparation of Ice etc the Scheme and adding thereto the formalities prescribed in Sec 371 of the Bldg Act Lease terms duly observed

Order No L 2732-35
30-5-53

In Supersession of the existing Ice leases, approved in Resolution No Municipal No. 670 dated 2-10-1897, No. 553/32 dated 5-1-1933 and No 20465/44 of 29-9-1944 ~~applicable to the said Station~~ and of the Ice Laws in the

City area Scheduled in
G.O. No. L 8310-2/md 63-36-76
dated 20-5-1937 the
Govt of Mysore are pleased
to approve of the bye-laws
referred to above as appended
to this order under Sec 370
of the Act

The Commissioner is to arrange
for the simultaneous publication
of these bye-laws in the official
gazette in English and Kannada
as required by Sec 373 of the Act

By order and in the name of
the Governor of Mysore
Sd/- 13/5/53
for L. S. B. Secy

To
1) The Commissioner, C.C.B. - (Chitradurga Road)
2) " D.P.H
3) Controller, S.A.D
4) Auditor C.C.B

Appendix to G O No L Dated 1953

Bye-laws under clause (16) of section 367, read with section 369, of the City of Bangalore Municipal Corporation Act, 1949 (Act No.LXIX of 1949) to provide for the Sanitary Control and Supervision of places for the manufacture and preparation of ice

1 No person shall use any building for manufacturing ice unless

(a) it is constructed of masonry or such other durable materials as may be approved by the Commissioner, and

(b) every part thereof is constructed of non-inflamable material

2 Every person who has obtained from the Commissioner a license for the use of any premises as an ice factory shall provide in such premises a sufficient supply of water from a source approved by the Health Officer in writing and shall cause such premises to be thoroughly cleaned at least twice in every twenty-four hours or more often if necessary and shall prevent any ~~accumulation~~ accumulation of filth or refuse therein

3 He shall cause the flooring of every building in such premises to be paved or otherwise made impervious and drained to the satisfaction of the Health Officer Such flooring shall be kept at all times in good order and repair

4 He shall provide suitable means of ventilation and lighting upon or in connection with such premises and shall cause the same to be maintained at all times in good order and efficient action

5 He shall provide suitable means of drainage upon or in connection with such premises and shall cause the same to be maintained at all times in good order and efficient action

6 He shall provide such latrine accommodation for persons employed in the Factory as is approved by the Health Officer Such latrine shall be situated outside the building used as ice factory and shall not communicate directly with it

7 He shall cause every part of the internal surface of the walls and ceiling at every building upon such premises to be not lime-washed at least twice in every year in the months of April and October or more often if so required by the Health Officer

8 He shall not use or permit or suffer any part of such premises to be used at any time for purposes of human habitation or for stabling animals

9 He shall provide filters, storage tanks, vessels for boiling and other appliances of such design and material and capacity as may be required by the Health Officer for the purification and storage of water and he shall cause to be maintained at all times such storage tanks, boiling vessels and other appliances in a clean and sanitary condition and in good order and repair He shall not cause or suffer any ice to be manufactured in such premises from water which has not been thoroughly filtered and purified to the satisfaction of the Health Officer He shall not use or cause to be used any flannel, sponge or muslin or other similar material in the purification or filtration of water

10 He shall, whenever so ordered by the Commissioner, forward to any approved or Corporation Laboratory samples of ice and water used in its manufacture at any stage in the process for chemical and bacteriological examination He shall submit the result of every such analysis to the Commissioner, and shall also meet all expenses incurred in this behalf, whenever the results of such analysis have gone against him

15

11 He shall at all times adopt and cause to be maintained in good order and efficient action upon such premises all such means and appliances as the Health Officer may, from time to time, require for the purpose of preventing an injury to any person employed therein or preventing, abating or minimizing any nuisance or annoyance to the neighbourhood or to the public

12 No person shall spit in or upon such premises except in such receptacles or places as are provided for the purpose

13 No leper and no person suffering from any open sore or loathsome, infectious or contagious disease shall carry on such business and shall employ a leper or any person suffering as aforesaid to assist him in carrying on such business

14 He shall cease temporarily to carry on such business on the occurrence of leprosy or of any loathsome, infectious or contagious disease in his house or in the house of any person employed in or assisting in such business and he shall not sell ice made or kept therein or resume such business without the written permission of the Health Officer

15 No dog shall be kept or permitted in any such premises

16 Whoever commits a breach of any of the above bye-laws shall be punishable :-

(1) with fine which may extend to fifty rupees and incase of a continuing breach with fine which may extend to fifteen rupees for every day during which the breach continues after conviction for the first breach, or

(2) with fine which may extend to ten rupees for every day during which the breach continues after receipt of notice from the Commissioner to discontinue such breach

*****

Secretary to Government,
L S C & Planning Departments

LNG 7 27/4

PROCEEDINGS OF THE GOVERNMENT OF MYSORE

Read -

Correspondence dis with letter No A1 (2) 57-53 dated 26/29th December 1952 from the Co issioner, Corporation of the City of Bangalore, requesting sanction to the bye-laws framed under the City of Bangalore Municipal Corporation Act to provide for the sanitary control and supervision of places used for the manufacture and preparation of Ice in the City and ordering that the formalities prescribed in Section 371 of the said Act have been duly observed

- - - -

ORDER NO I 2232-35/GM 29-53-49

Dated, Bangalore, the 30th May 53

In supplementation of the existing bye-laws in the Civil Station area approved in Resident's Notification No 670 dated 23rd October 1899, No 503/32 dated 5th January 1932 and No 2145/44 dated 20th September 1944 and/the bye-laws in the City area sanctioned in Government Order No L 8310-3 A1 67-76-76 dated 10th May 1976, the Government of Mysore, are pleased to approve of the bye-laws referred to above as amended to this order under Section 370 of the Act

Thammanaiah
(Thammanaiah),
Under Secretary to Government,
Local & Planning Department.

The Commissioner, Corporation of the City of Bangalore thro' Mayor,
The Director of Public Health in Mysore, Bangalore,
The Controller, State Accounts Department, Bangalore,
The Auditor, Corporation of the City of Bangalore

km-7/6/5

Appendix to G O No L Dated 1953

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8 He shall not use or permit or suffer any part of such premises to be used at any time for purposes of human habitation or for stabling animals

9. He shall provide filters, storage tanks, vessels for boiling and other appliances of such design and material and capacity as may be required by the Health Officer for the purification and storage of water and he shall cause to be maintained at all times such storage tanks, boiling vessels and other appliances in a clean and sanitary condition and in good order and repair He shall not cause or suffer any ice to be manufactured in such premises from water which has not been thoroughly filtered and purified to the satisfaction of the Health Officer he shall not use or cause to be used any flannel, sponge or muslin or other similar material in the purification or filtration of water

10 He shall, whenever so ordered by the Commissioner, forward to any approved or Corporation Laboratory samples of ice and water used in its manufacture at any stage in the process for chemical and bacteriological examination He shall submit the result of every such analysis to the Commissioner, and shall also meet all expenses incurred in this behalf, whenever the results of such analysis have gone against him

18

11. He shall at all times adopt and cause to be maintained in good order and efficient action upon such premises all such means and appliances as the Health Officer may, from time to time, require for the purpose of preventing any injury to any person employed therein or preventing, abating or minimizing any nuisance or annoyance to the neighbourhood or to the public.

12 No person shall spit in or upon such premises except in such receptacles or places as are provided for the purpose

13 No leper and no person suffering from any open sore or loathsome, infectious or contagious disease shall carry on such business and shall employ a leper or any person suffering as aforesaid to assist him in carrying on such business.

14 He shall cease temporarily to carry on such business on the occurrence of leprosy or of any loathsome, infectious or contagious disease in his house or in the house of any person employed in or assisting in such business and shall not sell ice made or kept therein or resume such business without the written permission of the Health Officer.

15 No cow shall be kept or permitted in any such premises

16 Whoever commits a breach of any of the above bye-laws shall be punishable :-

(1) with fine which may extend to fifty rupees and incase of a continuing breach with fine which may extend to fifteen rupees for every day during the breach continues after conviction for the first breach; or

(2) with fine which may extend to ten rupees for every day during which the breach continues after receipt of notice from the Commissioner to discontinue such breach

*****

Secretary to Government,
L G & Planning Departments

Lms 7 27/4